

## **CE 890 Graduate Seminar**

**DATE:** September 1, 2010  
**TIME:** 4:00 p.m. (refreshments at 3:45 p.m.)  
**PLACE:** 2144 Fiedler Hall  
**SPEAKER:** Alok Bhandari, Professor and Head, Dept. of Civil Engg., Kansas State University  
**TOPIC:** “Woodchip Bioreactors for Removal of Nitrate from Agricultural Drainage Water”

### **ABSTRACT**

Vast swathes of agricultural lands in the upper Midwest are artificially drained to allow timely planting and improved yields of crops such as corn and soybean. Water is drained through a network of pipes called ‘tiles’ (originally made from clay) laid 4 to 5 feet below ground surface at regular intervals of 80 to 120 feet. The effect of the tile-drain system on natural hydrology is a major topic of debate in the affected region. From a water quality perspective, citizens, scientists and regulators are concerned about agricultural contaminants conveyed from fields to surface streams by the tile-drain system. Several approaches are being studied to minimize potential adverse environmental impacts. Denitrifying drainage bioreactors, also known as ‘woodchip’ reactors, are being evaluated as a potential edge-of-field solution for the removal of nitrate from drainage water. Nitrate is a contaminant of concern because it has been identified by the US Environmental Protection Agency as a primary cause of hypoxia (‘the dead zone’) in the northern Gulf of Mexico.